JUL 0 8 2025

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF LATCHFORD

DISTRICT OF TIMISKAMING

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements of The Corporation of the Town of Latchford are the responsibility of the Corporation of the Town of Latchford's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Corporation of the Town of Latchford's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by Management.

Council meets with Management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Kemp Elliott & Blair LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Corporation of the Town of Latchford. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Corporation of the Town of Latchford's financial statements.

Clerk-treasurer
Jaime Allen

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Corporation of the Town of Latchford's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation of the Town of Latchford's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation of the Town of Latchford to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Kemp Elliott & Blair LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

New Liskeard, Ontario July 8, 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		(Note 13)				0000
		2024		2024		2023
	_	Budget		Actual	_	Actual
REVENUES						
Operating revenues			•	070.050	Φ.	943,273
Municipal taxation	\$	966,984	\$	979,856	\$	
Water and sewer user charges		277,211		272,699		259,929
User charges		83,038		141,557		93,053
Provincial grants		188,400		190,095		305,334
Federal grants		22,322		9,276		13,146
Revenue from other municipalities		29,870		14,800		10,690
Penalties and interest on taxes		15,000		16,385		14,448
Provincial Offences Act revenues		1,500		1,271		70
Other		31,819		37,469		42,607
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets						3,363
2000 011 010 2000		1,616,144		1,663,408	_	1,685,913
Capital revenues				405.077		05 400
Provincial grants		100,000		105,677		95,409
Federal grants	_			105.077	_	117,921
	-	100,000	_	105,677		213,330
Total revenues	-	1,716,144		1,769,085		1,899,243
EXPENDITURES				400.047		462.046
General government		492,221		483,047		463,016
Protection to persons and property		160,977		145,863		127,325
Transportation services		289,320		362,275		292,391
Environmental services		620,307		607,015		522,409
Health services		88,004		112,965		236,033
Social and family services		63,278		53,009		60,127
Recreation and cultural services		83,670		81,183		81,518
Planning and development		5,600		5,636	_	7,647
Total expenditures	_	1,803,377		1,850,993		1,790,466
·		(87,233)		(81,908)		108,777
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		•		5.1.6.04		
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	3,917,233		3,917,233		3,808,456
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR - note 11	\$	3,830,000	\$	3,835,325	\$	3,917,233

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	72	
	2024	2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (81,908)	\$ 108,777
Charges not affecting cash – Amortization Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	276,740	242,928 (3,363)
Gailt on sale of tangible dupital decete	194,832	348,342
Net change in non-cash working capital items —	(10,505)	(29,223)
Taxes receivable	275,554	(180,098)
Accounts receivable	(3,665)	(540)
Inventories of supplies	113,686	(10,715)
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(34,899)	16,318
Deferred revenue – other	32,038	119,881
Deferred revenue – other Deferred revenue – obligatory reserve fund	19,182	7,332
Asset retirement obligations	17,396	16,922
Asset retirement obligations	408,787	(60,123)
Cash provided by operating activities	603,619	288,219
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(105,677)	(298,825)
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	#1 1070/2012 - 107	3,363
Cash used by capital activities	(105,677)	(295,462)
á ·		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(00.420)	(68,752)
Debt principal repayments	(68,139)	[00,732]
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	429,803	(75,995)
Cash, beginning of year	755,382	831,377
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,185,185	\$ 755,382
REPRESENTED BY	\$ 1,185,185	\$ 755,382
Cash	Ψ 1,100,100	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Accounting policies – continued 1. Revenue recognition - continued

Taxation and related revenues

Property tax billings are prepared by the Town based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC") with the authority established under the Municipal Act, 2001, the Assessment Act, the Education Act, and other legislation. Tax rates are established annually by Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and amounts the Town is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls, which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the Town determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Taxation revenues are recorded when they meet the definition of an asset, the tax is authorized and the taxable event has occurred. Assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Tax adjustments as a result of appeals are recorded when the results of the appeal process are known.

The Town is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

Fees, service charges and other revenue

Fees, service charges and other revenue are recognized when earned.

Inventories

Inventories held for resale are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost and consists of land for sale. Inventories of supplies held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	15 to 30 years
Buildings	50 years
Vehicles	10 to 25 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 30 years
Roads and bridges	7 to 75 years
Water and sewer mains	50 years

A full year of amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and no amortization is charged in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for use.

The Town has no capitalization threshold for land and buildings, a capitalization threshold of \$10,000 for infrastructure systems and \$2,500 for all other assets. Individual assets of lesser value may be capitalized if they are pooled, or because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational purposes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Accounting policies - continued 1.

Financial instruments

The Town recognizes its financial instruments when the municipality becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value, including financial assets and liabilities originated and issued in a related party transaction with management. Financial assets and liabilities originated and issued in all other related party transactions are initially measured at their carrying or exchange amount in accordance with Section PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions.

At initial recognition, the municipality may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any financial instrument at fair value. The Town has not made such an election during the year.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in the excess of revenues over expenses for the current period. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

Financial instruments 2.

The Town, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest, currency, liquidity, market, price or credit risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss because of a counter party to a financial instrument fails to discharge its contractual obligations. The Town manages its credit risk by establishing an allowance for doubtful accounts based on factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The Town has a significant number of customers and ratepayers which minimizes concentration of credit risk. Further, the Town has available to it a tax registration process to recover unpaid municipal taxes by way of forced transfer of properties with multi-year arrears.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the Town manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The Town is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its floating interest rate demand loan and fixed rate credit facilities.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivery of cash or another financial asset. The Town is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and ratepayers, and other related sources, and accounts payable. The Town manages the liquidity risk resulting from its accounts payable by maintaining cash and investing in other liquid assets.

Operations of school boards 3.

Further to note 1, the taxation levied on behalf of and due to the school boards was:

_	2024	 2023
\$	435,688	\$ 435,669

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Asset retirement obligations - continued 8.

The asset retirement obligation at year end is as follows:

The asset remement obligation at your one to be seen and	-	2024	2023
Landfill Asbestos removal Gravel pit	\$	252,804 28,563 357,305	\$ 245,918 27,785 347,573
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	638,672	\$ 621,276

The discount rate used to present value future cash outputs is 2.8% (2023 2.8%).

Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post-closure care of solid waste landfill sites, regardless of site use. The main components of the landfill closure plan are final capping using selected specific layers of earthen materials based on an engineered cap design and implementation of a drainage management plan. The post-closure maintenance requirements will involve cap maintenance, installation of monitoring wells, groundwater monitoring, inspections and annual reports.

The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over the estimated remaining useful life using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expense, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable. The most recent waste capacity study for the landfill site was performed in a report dated February 28, 2018.

The landfill site was established in 1972 and is owned and operated by the Town of Latchford. The total capacity of the site is 40,000 cubic meters and is estimated to reach capacity in 2025. The approximate area that has been landfilled is 39,112 cubic meters, leaving an estimated remaining capacity of 888 cubic meters. Postclosure care is estimated to be required for 5 years from the date of site closure.

Asbestos removal

The Town owns a building which contain asbestos, and therefore, the Town is legally required to perform abatement activities upon renovation or demolition of this asset. Abatement activities include handling and disposing of the asbestos in a prescribed manner when it is disturbed. Assumptions were made regarding the remaining useful life of the building that contains materials with asbestos in order to estimate when the costs of rehabilitation would be incurred.

Gravel pit

The Town owns a gravel pit for which the Town has a legal obligation under the Aggregate Resources Act to perform rehabilitation activities upon the gravel pit site when it is no longer in productive use. Assumptions were made regarding the remaining useful life of the gravel pit in order to estimate when the costs of rehabilitation would be incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Contingent liabilities - continued 10.

Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund

All permanent, full-time employees of the Town are eligible to be members of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Town's contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Town contributed \$36,211 (2023 \$35,294) to the plan. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, the contributions by the Town are recognized as an expenditure. No pension liability for this type of plan is recognized in the Town's financial statements. As of December 31, 2024, OMERS had a funding deficit of \$2.9 billion (2023 \$4.2 billion) and Net Assets Available for Benefits of \$138.4 billion (2023 \$128.8 billion)

Funding agreements

Under the terms of various funding agreements, the Town could have provincial and federal grants become repayable if it is determined that funding was applied towards ineligible costs or if other terms of the agreements were not met. At year end management is of the opinion that all conditions have been met and funding was applied towards eligible costs.

Accumulated surplus 11.

Reserves represent an appropriation of surplus for a specific purpose, determined by council, are non-statutory and subject to change by council at that time.

and subject to change by council at that time.		2024	2023
Reserves and surpluses Roads reserve Fire equipment reserve Fire building reserve	\$	22,770 18,253 38,907 10,373	\$ 20,770 18,253 38,907 10,373
Fire uniform reserve Safe restart funding reserve Building reserve Modernization reserve Water reserve		42,209 156,012 20,000 2,500	33,570 156,012
Fitness Centre reserve Museum reserve General municipal surplus	_	8,111 627,626 946,761	7,005 513,439 798,329
Amounts to be recovered Unfinanced asset retirement obligations Unfinanced municipal debt	_	(638,672) (368,158) (1,006,830)	 (621,276) (436,297) (1,057,573)
Net debt	-	(60,069)	(259,244)
Non-financial assets Invested in tangible capital assets Inventories of supplies Prepaid expenses		3,860,824 11,123 23,447 3,895,394	4,031,887 7,457 137,133 4,176,477
Accumulated surplus	\$	3,835,325	\$ 3,917,233

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Budgeting - continued		0004	2023
-	2024 Budget	2024 Actual	Actual
	Budget	Actual	7,0,00
REVENUES			
Operating revenues	\$ 966,984	\$ 979,856	\$ 943,273
Municipal taxation	277,211	272,699	259,929
Water and sewer user charges	83,038	141,557	93,053
User charges	188,400	190,095	305,334
Provincial grants	22,322	9,276	13,146
Federal grants	29,870	14,800	10,690
Revenue from other municipalities	15,000	16,385	14,448
Penalties and interest on taxes	1,500	1,271	70
Provincial Offences Act revenues	31,819	37,469	42,607
Other		-	3,363
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital asse	1,616,144	1,663,408	1,685,913
Capital revenues	1,010,11		
Provincial grants	100,000	105,677	95,409
Federal grants		=======================================	117,921
r ederat grants	100,000	105,677	213,330
Total revenues	1,716,144	1,769,085	1,899,243
EXPENDITURES			
Operating expenditures			
General government	478,325	469,151	448,996
Protection to persons and property	150,901	135,787	117,249
Transportation services	199,308	268,598	204,767
Environmental services	471,695	458,403	406,338
Health services	88,004	112,965	236,033
Social and family services	63,278	53,009	60,12
Recreation and cultural services	52,130	49,643	49,999
Planning and development	5,600	5,636	7,647
riaming and development	1,509,241	1,553,192	1,531,156
Long-term debt principal repayment	68,139	68,139	68,752
Capital expenditures	100,625	105,677	298,825
Total expenditures	1,678,005	1,727,008	1,898,733
Total experiences		\$ / 42,077	\$ 510
Surplus – full budget base	\$ 38,139	\$ / 42,077	φ 510
		The second secon	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

14. Segmented information - continued	ned						Recreation	Planning		
	Government	Protection	Transportation	Environmental		Social and Family	and Cultural	and Development	Total	Total
	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	2024	2023
Revenues										
Operating revenues										
Municipal taxation	\$ 979,856	\$	\$	⊕	\$	(I	 \$:I	\$ 979,856	\$ 943,273
Water and sewer user charges	10	16	UNITS.	272,699	((*)	(0)	300	9	272,699	259,929
User charges	21,804	6,440	53,627	33,034	190	TV:	26,652	910	141,557	93,053
Provincial grants	140,687		•6	18,839	20,113	1)	10,456	Ni	190,095	305,334
Federal grants	3	,	5,037	*	*7	P.	4,239	ř	9,276	13,146
Revenue from other municipalities	· ·	•	3,600	1,090	10,110	ī	ř	9	14,800	10,690
Penalties and interest on taxes	16,385	*	*	ř	٠	Ŕ	*	É	16,385	14,448
Provincial Offences Act revenue		1,271		ž	i	1	*	N	1,271	70
Other	25,871	i	2,152	•	×)Ř	9,446	(1)	37,469	42,607
Gain on disposal										
of tangible capital assets	1)	i i		•	•	•		3	4	3,363
	1,184,603	7,711	64,416	325,662	30,223	戲	50,793	90	1,663,408	1,685,913
Capital revenues										
Provincial grants	7	*	105,677	ř	j.	į.	5	16	105,677	95,409
Federal grants	4	*	•		*	3)	31	100	*	117,921
Total revenues	1,184,603	7,711	170,093	325,662	30,223	*	50,793	×	1,769,085	1,899,243
:										
Expenditures							6		1	0.000
Wages and benefits	241,166	15,959	144,205	. N	20,324	(II	8,863	:11	080,659	663,187
Long-term debt interest	.	368	7,634	12,955	{(0)}	((*))	10.02		20,957	24,111
Materials	166,460	34,666	120,261	138,135	9,611	e	40,780	100	510,013	473,172
Contracted services	58,035	84,794	163	102,750	1,227	8.	•	5,536	252,505	216,596
Rents and financial expenses	3,490	38	9,732	988'9	*	•	778	ř	20,886	21,222
External transfers	3.0	9			81,803	53,009		*	134,812	149,250
Amortization	13,896	10,076	80,280	141,726	î	Ť	30,762		276,740	242,928
Total expenditures	483.047	145,863	362,275	607,015	112,965	53,009	81,183	3 5,636	1,850,993	1,790,466
Annual cumulus (deficit)	\$ 701.556	49	49	9	\$ (82,742)	\$ (53.009)	(30,390)) \$ (5,636)	\$ (81.908)	\$ 108.777
CHARLES WALKERS INCHES										

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF LATCHFORD

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

875,529 31,496 109,399 266,483 806'886 40,951 242,928 \$ 4,719,154 \$4,031,887 Net Assets 600'86 84,947 96,424 406,498 1,033,243 Dec 31, 2023 Dec 31, 2023 19,079 631,709 450,449 1,402,902 56,632 239,483 618,031 228,706 1,072,163 Amortization Accumulated 14,548 1,432 15,068 84,348 46,137 11,242 38,908 14,158 17,087 Currrent Amortization \$4,488,314 \$ 12,088 \$ 12,088 Opening Accumulated Accumulated Amortization Disposals ↔ 603,483 17,647 Amortization 435,381 Dec 31, 2022 42,474 585,572 234,484 217,464 1,033,255 1,318,554 2023 6 50,575 727,430 8.751.041 98,009 141,579 335,907 Cost 491,400 2,436,145 406,498 1,507,238 Ending 495,189 Dec 31, 2023 2,061,071 12,088 \$ 12,088 Disposals \$ 298,825 \$ 3,419 295,406 Additions 727,430 \$ 8,464,304 347,995 111,092 50,575 491,400 Dec 31, 2022 98,009 1,507,238 141,579 2,432,726 495,189 2,061,071 Opening 15. Schedule of tangible capital assets - continued S Assets under construction Land improvements Roads and bridges Leased machinery Machinery and Sewer main Water main Streetlights equipment Infrastructure Buildings Vehicles General Land Total